The Brisbane Declaration

Environmental Flows¹ are Essential for Freshwater Ecosystem Health and Human Well-Being

This declaration presents summary findings and a global action agenda that address the urgent need to protect rivers globally, as proclaimed at the 10th International River*symposium* and International Environmental Flows Conference, held in Brisbane, Australia, on 3-6 September 2007. The conference was attended by more than 750 scientists, economists, engineers, resource managers and policy makers from more than 50 countries.

Key findings include:

Freshwater ecosystems are the foundation of our social, cultural, and economic well-being. Healthy freshwater ecosystems – rivers, lakes, floodplains, wetlands, and estuaries – provide clean water, food, fiber, energy and many other benefits that support economies and livelihoods around the world. They are essential to human health and well-being.

Freshwater ecosystems are seriously impaired and continue to degrade at alarming rates. Aquatic species are declining more rapidly than terrestrial and marine species. As freshwater ecosystems degrade, human communities lose important social, cultural, and economic benefits; estuaries lose productivity; invasive plants and animals flourish; and the natural resilience of rivers, lakes, wetlands, and estuaries weakens. The severe cumulative impact is global in scope.

Water flowing to the sea is *not* wasted. Fresh water that flows into the ocean nourishes estuaries, which provide abundant food supplies, buffer infrastructure against storms and tidal surges, and dilute and evacuate pollutants.

Flow alteration imperils freshwater and estuarine ecosystems. These ecosystems have evolved with, and depend upon, naturally variable flows of high-quality fresh water. Greater attention to environmental flow needs must be exercised when attempting to manage floods; supply water to cities, farms, and industries; generate power; and facilitate navigation, recreation, and drainage.

Environmental flow management provides the water flows needed to sustain freshwater and estuarine ecosystems in coexistence with agriculture, industry, and cities. The goal of environmental flow management is to restore and maintain the socially valued benefits of healthy, resilient freshwater ecosystems through participatory decision making informed by sound science. Ground-water and floodplain management are integral to environmental flow management.

Climate change intensifies the urgency. Sound environmental flow management hedges against potentially serious and irreversible damage to freshwater ecosystems from climate change impacts by maintaining and enhancing ecosystem resiliency.

Progress has been made, but much more attention is needed. Several governments have instituted innovative water policies that explicitly recognize environmental flow needs. Environmental flow needs are increasingly being considered in water infrastructure development and are being maintained or restored through releases of water from dams, limitations on groundwater and surface-water diversions, and management of land-use practices. Even so, the progress made to date falls far short of the global effort needed to sustain healthy freshwater ecosystems and the economies, livelihoods, and human well-being that depend upon them.

¹ Environmental flows describe the quantity, timing, and quality of water flows required to sustain freshwater and estuarine ecosystems and the human livelihoods and well-being that depend on these ecosystems.

Global Action Agenda

The delegates to the 10th International River*symposium* and Environmental Flows Conference call upon all governments, development banks, donors, river basin organizations, water and energy associations, multilateral and bilateral institutions, community-based organizations, research institutions, and the private sector across the globe to commit to the following actions for restoring and maintaining environmental flows:

Estimate environmental flow needs everywhere immediately. Environmental flow needs are currently unknown for the vast majority of freshwater and estuarine ecosystems. Scientifically credible methodologies quantify the variable – not just minimum – flows needed for each water body by *explicitly* linking environmental flows to specific ecological functions and social values. Recent advances enable rapid, region-wide, scientifically credible environmental flow assessments.

Integrate environmental flow management into every aspect of land and water management. Environmental flow assessment and management should be a basic requirement of Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM); environmental impact assessment (EIA); strategic environmental assessment (SEA); infrastructure and industrial development and certification; and land-use, water-use, and energy-production strategies.

Establish institutional frameworks. Consistent integration of environmental flows into land and water management requires laws, regulations, policies and programs that: (1) recognize environmental flows as integral to sustainable water management, (2) establish precautionary limits on allowable depletions and alterations of natural flow, (3) treat ground water and surface water as a single hydrologic resource, and (4) maintain environmental flows across political boundaries.

Integrate water *quality* **management.** Minimizing and treating wastewater reduces the need to maintain un-naturally high streamflow for dilution purposes. Properly-treated wastewater discharges can be an important source of water for meeting environmental flow needs.

Actively engage all stakeholders. Effective environmental flow management involves all potentially affected parties and relevant stakeholders and considers the full range of human needs and values tied to freshwater ecosystems. Stakeholders suffering losses of ecosystem service benefits should be identified and properly compensated in development schemes.

Implement and enforce environmental flow standards. Expressly limit the depletion and alteration of natural water flows according to physical and legal availability, and accounting for environmental flow needs. Where these needs are uncertain, apply the precautionary principle and base flow standards on best available knowledge. Where flows are already highly altered, utilize management strategies, including water trading, conservation, floodplain restoration, and dam re-operation, to restore environmental flows to appropriate levels.

Identify and conserve a global network of free-flowing rivers. Dams and dry reaches of rivers prevent fish migration and sediment transport, physically limiting the benefits of environmental flows. Protecting high-value river systems from development ensures that environmental flows and hydrological connectivity are maintained from river headwaters to mouths. It is far less costly and more effective to protect ecosystems from degradation than to restore them.

Build capacity. Train experts to scientifically assess environmental flow needs. Empower local communities to participate effectively in water management and policy-making. Improve engineering expertise to incorporate environmental flow management in sustainable water supply, flood management, and hydropower generation.

Learn by doing. Routinely monitor relationships between flow alteration and ecological response before and during environmental flow management, and refine flow provisions accordingly. Present results to all stakeholders and to the global community of environmental flow practitioners.

Delegates to the 10th International River*symposium* and International Environmental Flows Conference, held in Brisbane, Australia, on 3-6 September 2007, represented the following organizations, governments and institutions:

Abare, AUSTRALIA Academy of Natural Sciences, USA Adelaide & Mount Lofty Ranges Natural **Resources Management Board**, AUSTRALIA Aga Khan Development Network (AKDN), PAKISTAN Agricultural Science & Technology Research Institute, KOREA Agriculture University, INDIA Anadolu University, TURKEY ARI, Department Of Sustainability & Environment, AUSTRALIA Arkansas State University, USA Asian Development Bank, PHILIPPINES Association for Water & Rural Development, SOUTH AFRICA Australian Agency For International Development (AusAID), AUSTRALIA Australian Government, AUSTRALIA Australian National University, AUSTRALIA Australian River Restoration Centre, AUSTRALIA Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University, AUSTRALIA Australian Water Association, AUSTRALIA Australian Water Quality Centre, AUSTRALIA AWARD, SOUTH AFRICA AWMC. AUSTRALIA **B4C Bulimba Creek Catchment Coordinating** Committee, AUSTRALIA Bangladesh University of Engineering & Technology, BANGLADESH Bayside Creek Catchment, AUSTRALIA Beijing Normal University, CHINA Blackwood Basin Group, AUSTRALIA BPA Environment, Fish & Wildlife, USA Brisbane City Council, AUSTRALIA Brisbane Water, AUSTRALIA Bureau of Land Management, USA Bureau of Meteorology, AUSTRALIA Canegrowers, AUSTRALIA Cape Action for People & the Environment (C.A.P.E), SOUTH AFRICA Cape to Cape Catchments Group, AUSTRALIA Cardwell Shire River Improvement Trust, AUSTRALIA CDM, USA CEA, CHILE Central Queensland University, AUSTRALIA Central Research Institute for Complex Use of Water Resources, BELARUS

Central West Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA Centre for Ecology & Hydrology, UK Centre for Environmental Management, SOUTH AFRICA Centre for Public Awareness of Science, ANU, AUSTRALIA Centro de Ciencias de Sinaloa, MEXICO Centro de Estudios Ambientales (CEDEA), ARGENTINA Charity Organisation for Environmental Research, CAMEROON Charles Darwin University, AUSTRALIA Charles Sturt University, AUSTRALIA Chinchilla Shire Council, AUSTRALIA Chittering Landcare Centre, AUSTRALIA City of New York Dept of Parks & Recreation, USA Clark Fork Coalition, USA Cochin University of Science & Technology, INDIA Colorado State University, USA Condamine Balonne Water Committee, AUSTRALIA Connell Wagner, AUSTRALIA Conservation Council of Western Australia, AUSTRALIA Conservation International, USA Conservation Volunteers Australia, AUSTRALIA Corangamite CMA, AUSTRALIA Corvinus University of Budapest, HUNGARY CRC for Water Quality & Treatment, **AUSTRALIA** CRC IF, AUSTRALIA CSIRO, AUSTRALIA **CSIRO Land & Water, AUSTRALIA CSIRO** Mathematical & Information Sciences, AUSTRALIA CSIRO Sustainable Ecosystems, AUSTRALIA Cubberla-Witton Catchments Network, AUSTRALIA Culture and Environment Preservation Association, CAMBODIA Daly River Aboriginal Reference Group, AUSTRALIA **Dawson Catchment Coordinating Association** Inc, AUSTRALIA Department of Conservation, NEW ZEALAND Department of Ecology, Washington, USA Department of Environment & Climate Change, AUSTRALIA

Department of Environment & Heritage, **AUSTRALIA** Department of Environment & Water, AUSTRALIA Department of Natural Resources & Water, AUSTRALIA Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries, **AUSTRALIA** Department of Primary Industries & Water, **AUSTRALIA** Department of Primary Industries, Water & Resources Policy Branch, AUSTRALIA Department of Sustainability & Environment, **AUSTRALIA** Department of the Environment & Water Resources, AUSTRALIA Department of Water, Western Australia, **AUSTRALIA** Department of Water & Energy, AUSTRALIA Department of Water Affairs & Forestry, SOUTH AFRICA Department of Water, Land & Biodiversity Conservation, AUSTRALIA Deschutes River Conservancy, USA DH Environmental Consulting, SOUTH AFRICA **DHI Software, DENMARK DHI Water & Environment, AUSTRALIA Disaster Prevention Research Institute**, JAPAN Division of Water Resources, Ministry of Mines & Energy, SOLOMON ISLANDS East China Normal University, CHINA Ecosystem Economics LLC, USA EGC Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Ehime University, JAPAN Engineers without Borders, AUSTRALIA Environment Canterbury, NEW ZEALAND **Environment Centre N.T., AUSTRALIA** Environment Protection Authority - VIC, **AUSTRALIA Environment Victoria, AUSTRALIA** Environment Waikato, NEW ZEALAND Environmental Agency of England & Wales, UK Environmental Biotechnology CRC, AUSTRALIA Environmental Defenders Office (NSW), AUSTRALIA Environmental Defenders Office (Qld) Inc, AUSTRALIA Environmental Defense, USA Environmental Planning & Science (Land & Water Management), AUSTRALIA Environmental Protection Agency, AUSTRALIA EnviroNorth Environmental Consultants, AUSTRALIA

European Rivers Network, AUSTRALIA eWater Cooperative Research Centre, **AUSTRALIA** Fitzrov Basin Association, AUSTRALIA Fitzroy River & Coastal Catchments Inc., AUSTRALIA Florida International University, USA FONAG, ECUADOR Forests NSW, AUSTRALIA FRC Environmental, AUSTRALIA GHD Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Gladstone Area Water Board, AUSTRALIA Glenelg Hopkins CMA, AUSTRALIA Gold Coast City Council, AUSTRALIA Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA Grand River Conservation Authority, CANADA Great Lakes Council, AUSTRALIA Greater Wellington Regional Council, NEW ZEALAND Greening Australia, AUSTRALIA Greening Australia Capital Region, **AUSTRALIA** Greening Australia NSW, AUSTRALIA Griffith University, AUSTRALIA Ground Water Institute, INDIA Habitat Management Services, AUSTRALIA Halcrow. UK Hawkesbury City Council, AUSTRALIA Hawkesbury-Nepean CMA, AUSTRALIA Ho Chi Minh City Irrigation Management Public Company, VIETNAM Horizons Regional Council, NEW ZEALAND Hunter-Central Rivers CMA, AUSTRALIA Hydro Tasmania, AUSTRALIA ICPDR, AUSTRIA Institute for Water of the Republic of Slovenia, SLOVENIA Institute for Water Research, Rhodes University, SOUTH AFRICA Institute of Environmental Systems Research, GERMANY Institute of Hydrobiology, CAS, CHINA Institute of Hydroecology & Ichthyology of Armenian Academy of Sciences, ARMENIA Instituto Mexicano de Tecnologia del Agua, MEXICO International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD), NEPAL International Centre of Excellence in Water **Resources Management, AUSTRALIA** International Riverfoundation, AUSTRALIA International Rivers Network, USA International Water Management Institute (IWMI), NEPAL International Water Management Institute (IWMI), SRI LANKA

International WaterCentre, AUSTRALIA **IPH-UFRGS, BRAZIL** Ipswich City Council, AUSTRALIA Irrigation Association of Australia, **AUSTRALIA** James Cook University, AUSTRALIA Japan Water Agency, JAPAN Japan Water Resources Environment Technology Center, JAPAN John Wilson & Partners Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA **KBR, AUSTRALIA** Kaipara District Council, NEW ZEALAND Kedron Brook Catchment Network, **AUSTRALIA** Kellogg Brown & Root Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Komati Basin Water Authority, SWAZILAND Korea Land Corporation, KOREA Kyoto University, JAPAN Laguna Lake Development Authority, PHILIPPINES Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority, CANADA Land & Water Australia, AUSTRALIA Lesotho Highlands Development Authority, LESOTHO Lesotho Highlands Water Commission, SOUTH AFRICA Lloyd Consulting Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Logan City Council, AUSTRALIA Los Algarrobos Civil Association, ARGENTINA Lower Murray Darling Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA Makerere Institute of Social Research, UGANDA Makerere University, UGANDA Maroochy Shire Council, AUSTRALIA Mary River Catchment Coordination Committee, AUSTRALIA Mekong River Commission, LAOS Melbourne Water, AUSTRALIA Merri Creek Management Committee, AUSTRALIA Mhlathuze Water, SOUTH AFRICA Mid Coast Water, AUSTRALIA Ministry for the Environment, NEW ZEALAND Ministry of Agriculture & Forestry, **NEW ZEALAND** Ministry of Water, TANZANIA Mitchell River Watershed Management Group Inc., AUSTRALIA Moggil Creek Catchment Management Group, AUSTRALIA Monash University, AUSTRALIA Monash University, AUSTRALIA Moreton Bay Environment Alliance, AUSTRALIA Murray CMA, AUSTRALIA

Murray Wetlands Working Group, AUSTRALIA Murray-Darling Basin Commission, AUSTRALIA Murrumbidgee Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA N4C Norman Creek Catchment Coordinating Committee, AUSTRALIA Nakdong River Environment Research Center, South Korea, KOREA National Fish & Wildlife Foundation, USA National Water Commission, AUSTRALIA Natural Heritage Institute, USA Natural Resources, Environment & the Arts, AUSTRALIA Nature Conservation Council of NSW, **AUSTRALIA** Ningbo Municipal Research & Design Institute of Environmental Protection, CHINA Noblewater, AUSTRALIA North Central Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA North Central Texas Council of Govts, USA North East Catchment Management Authority, AUSTRALIA Northern Catchments Network, AUSTRALIA NSW Department of Primary Industries, AUSTRALIA NSW Department of Water & Energy, AUSTRALIA NSW Dept of Environment & Climate Change, AUSTRALIA NSW Murray Wetlands Working Group, AUSTRALIA Office of Lake Macquarie & Catchment Coordinator, AUSTRALIA Ok Tedi Mining Limited, PAPUA NEW **GUINEA Opus International Consultants, AUSTRALIA** Oregon State University, USA Oregon Water Trust, USA Otago Regional Council, NEW ZEALAND Oxford University, UK Oxley Creek Catchment Association Inc, AUSTRALIA **OYO Corporation, JAPAN** Pacific Hydro, CHILE Pakistan Water Partnership (PWP), PAKISTAN Pangani Basin Water Board, TANZANIA Parramatta City Council, AUSTRALIA Parsons Brinckerhoff, AUSTRALIA PD Naidoo & Associates, SOUTH AFRICA Pine Rivers Catchment Association Inc. AUSTRALIA Planet Radio, AUSTRALIA PLW Development Solutions Limited, UK

Pollution Probe, CANADA Probe International, CANADA Projeto Aguas do Rio Doce, BRAZIL Pukyong National University, KOREA Pullen Pullen Catchments Group, AUSTRALIA Pusan National University, South Korea, **KOREA** Queensland Conservation Council, **AUSTRALIA Queensland Environmental Protection** Agency, AUSTRALIA Queensland University of Technology (QUT), AUSTRALIA Ramsar Convention on Wetlands, SWITZERLAND Reef Plan Secretariat, AUSTRALIA Rio Tinto, AUSTRALIA **River Research Centre, INDIA River Restoration Centre, UK** Rosalie Shire Council, AUSTRALIA **Rural Solutions SA, AUSTRALIA** S. Brizga & Associates Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA SA Department for Environment & Heritage, **AUSTRALIA** SA Government, AUSTRALIA SA MDB NRM Board, AUSTRALIA Save Our Waterways Now, AUSTRALIA Save the Mary River Coordinating Group Inc, AUSTRALIA Schweizerische Greina-Stiftung, SWITZERLAND Seoul National University, KOREA SEQ Healthy Waterways Partnership, AUSTRALIA SEQWater, AUSTRALIA Shoalhaven City Council, AUSTRALIA Sironko District, UGANDA Sisters of Mary, AUSTRALIA SKM, AUSTRALIA SMEC Australia, AUSTRALIA Sonoran Institute & The University Of Arizona, USA Sontek/YSI, AUSTRALIA South West Catchments Council, **AUSTRALIA** Southern Institute of Water Resources Research, VIETNAM Southern Waters Ecological Research and Consulting, SOUTH AFRICA Stanwell Corporation, AUSTRALIA State Hydrological Institute, RUSSIA Stockholm International Water Institute, SWEDEN Streamline Research Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA SunWater, AUSTRALIA Sutherland Shire Council, AUSTRALIA Swan Catchment Council, AUSTRALIA

Swedish Univeristy of Agricultural Sciences, SWEDEN Sydney Catchment Authority, AUSTRALIA Syrinx Environmental PL, AUSTRALIA Tasmanian Aquaculture & Fisheries Institute, AUSTRALIA Territory & Municipal Services, AUSTRALIA Tetra Tech Inc, USA The Australian National University, **AUSTRALIA** The Green Corridor Project (BRICMA), AUSTRALIA The Nature Conservancy, AUSTRALIA The Nature Conservancy, CHINA The Nature Conservancy, COLOMBIA The Nature Conservancy, HONDURAS The Nature Conservancy, MEXICO The Nature Conservancy, USA The University of Hong Kong, CHINA The University of Melbourne, AUSTRALIA The University of Queensland, AUSTRALIA The Wilderness Society, AUSTRALIA Thiess Services Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Tien Giang Irrigation Management Public Company, VIETNAM Tipa & Associates, NEW ZEALAND Torbay Catchment Group, AUSTRALIA Toyo University, JAPAN Trout Unlimited, USA Tweed Kenya Mentoring Program, KENYA Tweed Shire Council, AUSTRALIA Ume University, SWEDEN UNEP, KENYA UNESCO, FRANCE UNESCO IHE, NETHERLANDS Universidad Autonoma de Sinaloa, MEXICO University of Agriculture, NIGERIA University of Applied Sciences, GERMANY University of Auckland, NEW ZEALAND University of Brasilia, BRAZIL University of California, Berkeley, USA University of California, Davis Extension, USA University of Cape Town, SOUTH AFRICA University of Guelph, School of Engineering, CANADA University of Johannesburg, APK, SOUTH AFRICA University of London, UK University of Maryland, USA University of North Texas, USA University of Peradeniya, Sri Lanka, **SRI LANKA** University of Southern Queensland, AUSTRALIA University of Technology Sydney, AUSTRALIA University of the Witwatersrand, SOUTH AFRICA

University of Western Australia, AUSTRALIA University of York, Environment Dept, UK UNSW Water Research Laboratory, AUSTRALIA Upper Deschutes Watershed Council, USA US Army Corps of Engineers, USA US Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, USA US Fish & Wildlife Service, USA US Forest Service, USA US Geological Survey, USA Victoria University, AUSTRALIA Wageningen University, NETHERLANDS Waikato Regional Council, NEW ZEALAND Waitakere City Council, NEW ZEALAND Walla Walla Community College - Water & Environmental Center, USA Water Affairs & Forestry, SOUTH AFRICA Water Research Commission, SOUTH **AFRICA** Water Technology Pty Ltd, AUSTRALIA Waterfind Environment Fund, AUSTRALIA Wesley Research Foundation, AUSTRALIA Wide Bay Water Corporation, AUSTRALIA WL | Delft Hydraulics, NETHERLANDS World Bank, USA World Conservation Union (IUCN), **SRI LANKA** World Conservation Union (IUCN), SWITZERLAND World Conservation Union (IUCN), THAILAND World Conservation Union (IUCN) Eastern Africa Regional Office, TANZANIA World Conservation Union (IUCN) Mesoamerica, COSTA RICA WorldFish Center, MALAYSIA WWF-Australia, AUSTRALIA WWF-Chihuahuan Desert Program, USA WWF-China Programme Office, CHINA WWF-East Africa Regional Programme Office, KENYA WWF-Germany, GERMANY WWF-India, INDIA WWF-International, AUSTRALIA WWF-Pakistan, PAKISTAN WWF-Papua New Guinea, PAPUA NEW **GUINEA** WWF-Spain, SPAIN WWF-Sweden, SWEDEN Wyong Shire Council, AUSTRALIA Xstrata Coal, AUSTRALIA Yamanashi Institute of Environmental Sciences, JAPAN Yantai Institute of Coastal Zone Research for Sustainable Development, CHINA Yarne & Associates, Inc, USA

Yellow River Conservancy Commission, CHINA Zitholele Consulting Pty Ltd, SOUTH AFRICA