Approach II in Kimbe Bay: Step by Step description of the Participatory Conservation Planning Process used in Kimbe Bay (by Annisah Sapul)

Objectives: To identify eight biological or ecological systems that represent the communities 'priorities'; to refine information on the basis of community knowledge; to determine viability, stresses and sources, strategies to ameliorate the threats, and measures of success. This should lead to an understanding of issues affecting the community and management of the area.

Purpose of the meeting: to gather enough information that ensures that all relevant issues, problems and potential solutions are able to be properly discussed so that the community can agree on the priorities for the LMMA plan and agreement.

STAGE I-INTRODUCTION to the CAP or PCP process

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose	This meeting is the first of a series of meetings	
	of the meeting	to have you as the community work towards	
		developing a management plan for your	
		marine area.	
	Explain the PCP	To do this we go through a process called the	Write each
	Process	Participatory Conservation Planning.	stage up on
		This process involves 6 stages, in which we will	cardboard
		help you to;	papers and
		 Identify priority targets, resources 	stick on a
		within your area	board, or
		Assess the viability or condition of	butcher paper
		each target within given periods.	as you explain
		Identify and prioritise critical threats	(FLOWCHART)
		4. Idenify appropriate actions to mitigate	
		the critical threats.	
		To develop simple monitoring	
		programs to measure the	
		effectiveness of the MP	

Ask for any questions from the community members .

Stage II-Identify CONSERVATION TARGETS

Objectives: To identify biological or ecological systems that represent community priorities and to refine information and descriptions of these.

Outcome: Prioritised list of community targets.

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose	The aim is to have a list of what	Show the stage from
	of the meeting	systems or resources are important to	the diagram form
		the community and to have a map of it	above
		as well.	
		Do presentation of core values to the	Present the core
		community	values in the AOI to
			the community, by
			using a Map and the
			keys on the legend.
	Explain Stage II-	We will now discuss what natural,	Break into groups of
		social and economic resource you have	five and do the
		within your area.	exercise.
		We will do this by breaking into groups	
		and filling a table like Worksheet 1.	Give the worksheet to
		(Show the table)	the group to draw up
			and fill in.

Worksheet 1-Targets

Instructions for facilitator:

Part a: Ask the following questions to generate the discussions:

- What resources (Natural and social) do you have in you area? Please list them.
- > Indicate why each resource is important.
- ➤ Prioritise the resources by assigning # 8 to the most important and 1 to the least important.

Natural Resource	Why is it important? /Why do you want to protect it/manage it?	Priority
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

Social resource	Why is it important? /Why do you want to protect it/manage it?	Priority
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

> Ask also for any questions.

Part b. Groups draw a map of their traditional area illustrating the resources in the table above.

Presentation of the charts back to the group

Stage III-Viability

Objectives: To determine the current conditions of eight priority systems and perceptions of trends in their condition.

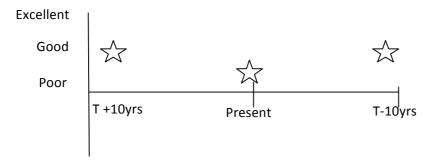
Outcome: Information on the current conditions.

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose of	Give the objectives and	Show this stage on the
	the meeting	the outcomes.	flow chart.
	Explain Stage 3	At this stage we are	Get the community to
		going to draw a picture	break into groups of 5,
		that will allow us to	to do the exercise and
		compare the condition	each group takes two
		of the eight priority	systems to do.
		targets within three	
		time periods.	Use the Worksheet 2
			and get the groups to
		Break into groups for	do this on butcher
		the activity.	paper.

Worksheet 2- Viability

Instructions to facilitator:

➤ Get the groups to illustrate what they think the condition of each target was like in three time frames - T -10yrs, Present, T+10yrs - by drawing the timeline chart as below. In the example, the stars represent the coral reef system and the condition within the 3 time periods.



> Reconvene and present charts back to group.

Stage IV-STRESSES AND SOURCES

Objectives:To determine critical threats by identifying and ranking the stresses and corresponding sources that are acting to degrade each target.

Outcomes: A complete and prioritised list of stresses and sources.

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose of the meeting	Give the objectives and the outcomes.	Show this stage on the flow chart.
	Explain Stage 4	At this stage we are going to identify the stresses and the sources of these stresses. Define stress- damage or degradation of a system or resource that reduces its capacity to exist. Define source-an activity that causes stress or factors which drive the	Work through an example of stress and sources of stress to assist defining the terms. This is to be done on butcher paper/white board.
	Breakout Group Discussions (Stress and Sources of stress)	activity. Get the community to identify their stresses and sources, by giving each group 2 targets to work on.	Draw table as below on butcher paper for the group discussions. Fill in only the columns Target and Stress & Sources for this session.
	Breakout Group Discussions (Ranking of stress and sources)	Now the group will rank the stress and the sources Ask the following questions to generate discussions: Ranking the stresses Which stresses causes the most damage to the system? Which the least damage? Ranking the sources Which sources do you think causes the most damage to the system? Which the least damage?	Work through the example to explain the ranking exercise.
	Breakout Group discussions	Get the group to now identify the Critical threats in priority and indicate this on the map	The map from the first mapping exercise should be used.

Worksheet 3-Stresses and Sources

Instructions to facilitator: Get the groups to draw a table as below. (Need to stick papers together if sheets are small).

Target/Resource	Stress	a. Rank	Source	b. Rank	Cumulative scores (a x b)	Critical threats (Prioritised)

Ranking scores: Most damage = 4, Least damage =1

- After Ranking. Fill in the Total Rank by multiplying in each row, the (a) and (b). Then prioritise the critical threats by ranking in ascending order.
- > Get the groups to Map out the critical threats, where they occur within their area.
- > Present back to the group for discussions and conclusions

Stage V- Strategies

Objective: To formulate strategies aimed to mitigate the critical threats acting on priority targets.

Outcomes: Details of all key strategies focusing on those inside the Areas of Interest.

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose	Give the objectives and the	Show from the flow chart where
	of the meeting	expected outcomes	we are.
		Explain also what we mean	
		by strategies	Work through an example to
			explain the exercise
	Breakout Group	Ask the following questions	Use Butcher paper, draw the
	Discussions	to generate discussions\:;	table below and fill in
		What actions can we take to	
		address the threat?	
		What outcomes are desired?	
		How can the condition be	
		improved?	

Worksheet 4- Strategies

Instructions to facilitators:

> Get the groups to fill out the table as below.

Critical threat	Strategies				
	What actions can we take to address the threat?	What outcomes are desired?	How can the condition be improved?		

- ➤ Get the group to Map out strategies such as protected or closed areas.
- > Present all charts back for discussion and conclusions.

Stage VI- MEASURES OF SUCCESS

Objective: To assign indicators of success for each listed strategy and to develop simple and effective programs for monitoring these indicators.

Outcomes: List of key indicators and simple monitoring programs.

WHO	MAIN AGENDA	WHAT TO SAY	HOW TO DO IT
FACILITATOR	Explain purpose of the meeting	Give the objectives and the expected outcomes	Show from the flow chart where we are.
	Breakout Group Discussions	Define what a goal is. Answer the questions that are in the table, see worksheet.	Work through an example to explain the exercise

Worksheet 5-MEASURES OF SUCCESS

Instructions to facilitator:

- > Get the groups to develop their goals.
- > Then answer the questions that follow;

Strategies	Goal	What is the indicator for the goal? What is the simplest thing we could measure?	How would we do this work?	Who would do this work?	Who is responsible for this work?	How does this feedback into the implementation process?

Present charts back to the group for discussions and conclusion.

Stage 6. Developing goals and objectives.

Recognise that there is a difference between goal and objective;

Goal

- Broad, your dream or vision stated in a practical terms.
- Opposite of the problem.
- Easy for the public to understand.

Objective

- Specific, How to achieve your dream- A good objective should be Outcome Oriented.
- Helps to solve the problem
- Used by the project staff to guide the activities.
- A good objective is SMART

S-specific, M-measurable, A-achievement or outcome oriented, R-realistic, T-time limited

Worksheet 6: Goals and Objectives

Instructions for facilitators:

- > Develop objectives for all the critical threats by filling the table above.
- > After collecting the relevant information from the table, write out the objective.

Threat	Strategy # 1	Outcome the strategy is tying to achieve	Where?	When?