Economic Transactions and Ecological Models

Scott Swinton
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Economic Transactions

- Exchanges between people
- Both sides in exchange must be willing
 - Consistent with objectives of each actor

- Think of transaction as two decisions
 - "Buyer" willing to pay?
 - "Seller" willing to accept payment?

Decision makers, transactions & links to objectives

Dec. maker & transaction

- Farmers
 - PES & BMP insurance
 - BMP verification
- Drain commissioners
 - Drainage fees
- Ag retailers
 - Certific of farm advice (sale of consulting svcs, ag inputs)
 - Certific of farm products (purchase for re-sale)

Objectives (assumed)

- Profit, environ quality, risk mgt (incl regulatory)
- Maintenance cost, environ quality
- Profit, firm reputation, risk mgt (incl regulatory)

Behavioral change is goal of transactions

Decision makers

Farmers

- Drain commissioners
- Ag retailers
 - As sellers of consulting
 - As buyers of products (that might be certified)

Behavior change examples

- Less fertilizer; buffers strips, manure mgt
- Buffer strips, etc
- Consulting on BMPs, reduced fertilizer sale, special market channel for certified products

What decision makers need to know for transactions

- What behavioral change desired?
- For that change,
 - Costs vs Benefits?
 - Changes in risk exposure (so not just changes in mean values of costs & bens.)
- Costs & benefits are based on
 - Biophysical quantity changes
 - Valuation of those changes by decision maker

What we need from ecological models

- What change in farming practices?
 - So DM can estimate changes in
 - Direct costs & benefits
 - Indirect costs & benefits (e.g., environmental)

- What change in ecological outcomes?
 - So policy maker can estimate potential value to society of off-farm externalities

A few potential challenges

Ecological research

- Validation for these settings.
- Attribution of off-site effects to changed behavior on farm or land.
- Scaling down to incremental effect of practice change on indiv farm.
- <u>User-friendliness</u> of models.

Transactions research

- Motives of decision makers
- Valuation of indirect benefits/costs
 - Reputation
 - Stewardship
- Manipulability of transactions
- Replicability beyond pilot
 - Legal basis